В	Name: BRES 3 rd Grade		Grading Quarter: 1	Week Beginning: September 25, 2024 WEEK 8		
	School Year:		Subject: ELA			
202	4-2025					
Monday	Unit 1 Lesson 4 Day 6	RET as r	IECTIVE: TEACH and REVIEW needed SON OVERVIEW:	Academic Standards:		
Tuesday	Notes: Unit 1 Lesson 4 Day 7	1, L	IECTIVE: ASSESSMENT Unit esson 4 (Main Idea I Details) SON OVERVIEW:			

	notes:			IVE:
		Fou	nda	tional Skills:
			•	read words with
				/m/ spelled _mb,
	Unit 1			/n/ spelled kn_,
				/r/ spelled wr_, /f/
	Lesson			spelled <i>ph</i> , and
	5			/w/ spelled wh
	Day 1		•	spell dictated
				words with /f/,
				/m/, /n/, /r/, and
				/w/ correctly.
			•	build oral
				language skills.
		Dan	din	
		кеа	um	g Skills:
			•	learn and apply the
				comprehension
				strategies
				Clarifying and
				Summarizing.
			•	read the entire
				selection.
			•	learn new
				vocabulary words.
			•	focus on prosody
				when reading
>				fluently.
Wednesday		Lan	gua	ge Arts Skills:
dn			•	learn about
es				writing to
ď				persuade.
ΛE			•	choose an
				audience and
				purpose for their
				opinion writing.
			•	evaluate their
				writing plans with
				partners and
				receive feedback.
			•	set goals for
			Ĭ	opinion writing.
				begin drafting
			•	their opinion
				writing.
				Ŭ
				learn about /m/,
				/n/, /r/, /f/, and
				/w/ spelling
				patterns and
				irregular plurals.
		LES	SON	OVERVIEW:
				ational Skill:
				V/m/spelled
				n/ spelled <i>kn_,</i>
		/r/	cnal	lod wr /f/

/r/ spelled wr_, /f/ spelled ph, and /w/

spelled wh_

OBJECTIVE:

Notes:

Academic Standards: RF.3.3cL.3.1iL.3.2eL.3.2f $\underline{\mathsf{L.3.5bRL.3.10RL.3.3SL.3.1aSL.3.1bSL.3.1cSL.3.1dRl.3.4L.3.4aL.3.6RF.3.4aRF.3.4b}$ W.3.5L.3.2f

Reading Skills:

MODEL the use of the following comprehension strategies during the first read of "The Prairie Fire."

- Summarizing
- Clarifying

Language Arts:

EXPLAIN to students that one purpose for writing an opinion is to persuade, or convince, others that they should agree with your opinion. Providing good reasons and explanations that support the opinion will help convince others. Tell students that there are two different ways to persuade: facts/reasons and feelings.

Notes: **OBJECTIVE:** Academic Standards: **Foundational Skills:** L.3.5bRL.3.1RF.3.4aRF.3.4bRF.3.4c build oral language skills. Unit 1 spell dictated Lesson words with /f/, RL.3.2RL.3.3RF.3.4aRF.3.4bRF.3.4cL.3.6 5 /m/, /n/, /r/, and Day 2 /w/ correctly. learn new high-SL.3.1b frequency words. read a **Decodable** Story. build fluency. **Reading Skills:** reread "The Prairie Fire" while digging deeper into the text. build fluency. review the selection vocabulary words. **Language Arts Skills:** review goals for opinion writing. finish drafting their opinion writing. Thursday receive feedback about their opinion writing in a writers' conference. develop handwriting skills by practicing formation of cursive lowercase letters o and a. **LESSON OVERVIEW:** Foundational Skill: Have students read "Bike Races." Tell them to use the context of the story to monitor their accuracy and to confirm or self-correct their reading when they mispronounce or misunderstand a word.

New High-Frequency Words: almost, also,

Reviewed High-Frequency Words:

years

close, each, hard, high, last, most, next, second, time, watch

Reading Skills:

REMIND students that, as they read a story, it is important for them to keep track of the sequence of events, or the order in which the events happened in time. Remind them to look for time-order words in the text that will help them establish the sequence, such as first, next, finally, after, yesterday, and afternoon.

REVIEW with students that the main ideas in a text are the most important points that the author wants to make. The author then supports or explains these points with details. When students know the main ideas, they can understand what the author is trying to get across in the text. Often, especially in nonfiction, the main idea of a paragraph or section is directly stated. In fiction, however, this is not as common. Readers will need to infer the main idea.

Language Arts:

MODEL using a TREE diagram to guide you as you write a draft.

Narrate your thought process as you follow the diagram to create the draft. The following text can serve as an example of teacher

modeling, but modify	
the example to fit your	
classroom situation and	
personal style of	
teaching as necessary.	
MODEL for students the	
formation of cursive	
lowercase letters o and	
α as downcurve letters.	

т	
\equiv	
$\overline{\mathbf{Q}}$	
a	
~	

Notes:

Unit 1

Lesson

Day 3

5

OBJECTIVE:

Foundational Skills:

- understand irregular plural nouns.
- build oral language skills.

Reading Skills:

- finish reading "The Prairie Fire."
- review the selection vocabulary words.

Language Arts Skills:

- revise and edit their opinion writing drafts.
- learn about quotation marks, commas, and capitalization.
- review spelling words.

LESSON OVERVIEW:

Foundational Skill:

REVIEW the definition of *plural* and have students give rules they have learned for forming plural nouns

Reading Skills:

REVIEW Sequencing and Main Idea and Details.

Language Arts:

Making a chart with rules about comma usage will help students remember when to use commas in their writing.

MODEL revising your draft based on the writer's goals and the elements of opinion writing. Narrate your thoughts as you revise the writing to use formal language, add descriptive details, and make other changes to strengthen the content.

Academic Standards:

RF.3.3cRF.3.3dL.3.1bL.3.1i

RL.3.3RL.3.2RL.3.1RL.3.4L.3.4aL.3.4bRF.3.4aRF.3.4b

W.3.5L.3.2cL.3.2a

Encourage students to suggest improvements as well.
REMIND students that /m/ spellings include _mb, /n/ spellings include kn_, /r/ spellings include wr_, /f/ spellings include ph, /w/ spellings include wh_, and some plurals have irregular spellings.